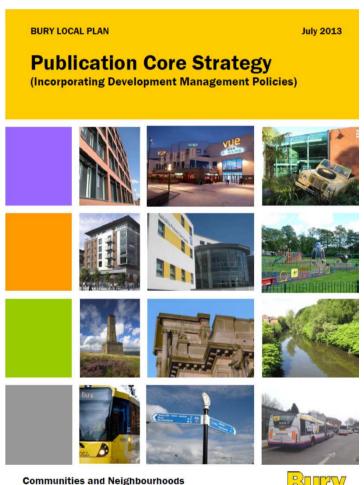
Overview and Scrutiny Committee



Bury Local Plan

Publication Core Strategy

Wednesday 4 Sept 2013

Planning Policy and Projects Team





What is the Core Strategy?

The Core Strategy:

- Is a document containing various policies that will be used as the basis for making decisions on future planning applications;
- Sets out how much development the Borough needs to accommodate to 2029;
- Identifies broad locations where this development will be focused;
- Identifies areas of the Borough where built development will be restrained;
- Includes a series of Development Management policies which will include criteria for assessing specific development proposals e.g. setting out what will be required in the design and layout of new development; and
- Includes Township Frameworks which draw out the main areas of the Core Strategy as they affect each Township.



Current Progress and Next Steps

- S Consultation on Publication Core Strategy from 2 August to 13 September 2013.
- S Any comments made at this stage will be submitted to the Secretary of State and considered at an Examination
- Submission to Secretary of State scheduled for December 2013.
- S Examination expected to be March 2014.
- S Adoption in September 2014.



Core Strategy: Key Issues

There are three key issues that are likely to face challenge as the Core Strategy progresses to Examination:

- 1) Housing Target
- 2) Gin Hall
- 3) Retail Capacity
- 4) Wind Turbines



Housing Target

- The NPPF states that local plans should meet their 'objectively assessed housing needs' this is at least 538 units per annum for Bury based on the GMFM (9,146 units).
- The Core Strategy includes a target of 400 units per annum (6,800 units to 2029) on the basis that this is what can be accommodated without the need to release Green Belt.
- An additional 2,346 units cannot be accommodated in the Borough without a significant release of Green Belt land.
- Objectors are arguing that the Strategy should have an even higher target (up to 800 per annum 13,600 units based on their own household projections) and that Green Belt land should be released to accommodate economic and housing growth.
- The local argument that lends support to Bury's housing target/Green Belt protection relates to the fact that, collectively across GM, housing needs would broadly be met if districts delivered their adopted/emerging targets (i.e. other GM districts are meeting some of Bury's needs, particularly Manchester).



Gin Hall

- **Bury's Employment Land Review identifies a 50 to 62 ha.** range of quantitative needs to 2029.
- From a qualitative perspective, independent evidence from Nolan Redshaw has stated that Bury's local economy has traditionally been held back by the lack of relatively large scale (10+ hectares) with access to the motorway network.
- **Greatest support for an approach that seeks to spread growth and development throughout the Borough.**
- B However, there is very limited opportunity for employment growth in the north of the Borough (3% of total potential supply).
- A number of options for addressing qualitative and spatial needs have been considered and identifies Gin Hall as being the most appropriate site.
- This site sits within the Green Belt. It is not proposed to remove the current Green Belt designation from the site but, in accordance with established Green Belt policy, the Core Strategy indicates that the site may be suitable for economic development subject to very special circumstances.



Retail Capacity

- The Core Strategy includes Policy EC6 which identifies future expenditure capacity to support additional retail development in the Borough's town centres. This is based on specialist evidence (Bury Retail Study) that has been undertaken by Deloitte.
- Scottish Widows (owners of the Mill Gate shopping centre) have expressed concern over the levels of capacity identified for non-food retailing in Bury particularly given that the Mill Gate is seeing increasing vacancy rates and they are concerned that additional non-food retail development in Bury will exacerbate the problem.
- We have met with representatives for Scottish Widows and have agreed to amend the Policy in order to make it clear that the priority for accommodating identified expenditure capacity will be for this to be absorbed by reoccupying vacant retail units in the heart of the town centre before allowing additional development.
- S Discussions on this issue are on-going.



Wind Turbines

- S Recent proposals for wind turbines have led to increasing concerns from local residents and groups.
- § The Core Strategy includes Policy EN10 which identifies areas with known potential for renewable energy.
- S This includes the identification of broad areas within the Borough which are considered to have sufficient wind speeds to support wind turbines.
- S This does not mean that these areas will necessarily be suitable as other policies (such as Green Belt and Landscape Character) will need to be considered.



Core Strategy



Any Questions

